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62171
SHERWOOD

**MRSER
CO.**

141 S. E. 65th Avenue
PORTLAND, OREGON

*Propagators
of Evergreen Trees
and Shrubs*



SEASON 1938

Fall 1937

NURSERY

Burnside Street and
S. E. 73rd Ave.

Phone TAbor 2004

RETAIL OFFICE

Stark Street Highway
and S. E. 72nd Ave.

Phone TAbor 5459

WHOLESALE TRADE LIST
For Nurserymen, Florists and Landscapers

IMPORTANT TO THE TRADE

OUR BUSINESS—The Sherwood Nursery Co. are propagators and growers of evergreen trees and shrubs, specializing in the production of conifers and broad leaved evergreens. We have put into this business the skill and experience of expert nurserymen, and own and operate the most efficient propagating plant in the United States devoted exclusively to the propagation of evergreens.

SOIL AND CLIMATE—This skill and experience, coupled with a soil and climate that cannot be excelled for the growing of plants, has resulted in a product that is sure to please. Our soil is just right, free from peat, producing a fine vigorous root system, making a plant that is easy to move. The soil and climatic conditions combine in the larger plants to produce a wealth and luxuriance of foliage that cannot be surpassed. Most seasons plants can be dug and shipped from our nursery every month of the year except July and August.

QUALITY OF STOCK—The Sherwood Nursery Co. stands back of all stock sold. A constantly increasing list of satisfied customers testifies to the quality of our stock and business methods. While no guarantee is given, many of our plants will withstand any reasonable degree of cold and all have been tested to a temperature of at least zero weather under certain conditions.

All stock offered in this list is our own production.

LOCATION—Our nurseries are located at Portland, Oregon, at the foot of the Cascade Mountains, with the snowy peaks of Mt. Hood and St. Helens plainly visible from our office windows, and where nature has made conditions favorable for plant production. Favored as we are, we can compete in price and quality with plants grown anywhere. Portland is one of the leading truck and railroad centers of the Pacific coast, reached by main lines north, east, south, and west, with water grade transportation up the Columbia River eastward. Car lots can be shipped to the Atlantic coast in 10 days so that there is no danger of loss of plants.

Visitors are always welcome. If at all possible come and see our stock. It speaks for itself.

We contract to propagate in our lines. If interested write for prices and particulars, indicating your needs.

TERMS AND INFORMATION

TERMS:

Cash with order. Prices F. O. B. Portland.

To guarantee the reservation of stock for future fall or spring delivery, one-fourth of the purchase price should accompany the order. No order will be booked without a deposit of 25 per cent. Cash in full must accompany foreign shipments.

C. O. D. orders must be accompanied by one-fourth cash before shipment can be made.

Positively no order for rooted cuttings or lining out stock will be accepted for less than 25 plants of the same size and variety.

Prices quoted in the 10, 100, or 1000 lots apply to one size and one variety only.

We reserve the right to substitute grades when necessary and the difference is not too great.

PACKING:

No packing charge will be made when the method of packing is left to our judgment.

Many small balled grades can be safely shipped, packed bare roots in moss and cut down shipping costs.

RESPONSIBILITY:

All the stock offered by this Company is grown out of doors and in their own fields with the greatest care and packed in like manner and we make no guarantee, either expressed or implied that the plants will grow or give specific results. Upon proper proof, any plants untrue will be replaced, or any miscounted will be corrected. It is mutually agreed that our responsibility is limited to the original price paid. Complaints must be made within 5 days after receipt of plants. All shipments are at the risk of purchaser after being delivered in good condition to the carrier.

SHIPPING DIRECTIONS:

Give explicit directions stating whether stock is to be shipped by rail or auto freight, parcel post or express. In the absence of advice we use our best judgment.

NOTE:

We accept all orders upon condition that they shall be void should frost, storm or other unavoidable cause result in injury or destruction of stock.

SHERWOOD NURSERY COMPANY
141 S. E. 65th Ave., Portland, Oregon

TO REACH NURSERY:

Drive east on East Stark Street highway to Southeast 72nd Avenue.

OR, drive east on East Burnside to Southeast 73rd Avenue.

Nursery is reached in a fifteen minute drive from the center of city by either one of these two main highways leading eastward.

GENERAL LIST

Including Conifers and Broad Leaved Evergreens, Deciduous Shrubs and Rock Plants.

Abelia grandiflora (Glossy Abelia)

Foliage glossy green, flowers white with pink blush. A beautiful, hardy evergreen. Splendid for foundation and mass plantings. Blooms all summer and is an attractive shrub both in flower and foliage.

	Each	10	100	1000
Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	\$	\$	\$ 5	\$ 38
15-18 inches twice transplanted.....B&B	.35	3.25	26
18-24 " " " ".....B&B	.40	3.50	30
2- 3 feet twice transplanted.....B&B	.50	4.50	38

Abelia grandiflora sherwoodi (Sherwood Dwarf Abelia)

A dwarf abelia, not only the plant but the leaves and the flowers as well being about half the size of grandiflora. Flowers pink and white, same as grandiflora. Thick-branching and very compact. A choice little plant, especially where space is a factor, supplying a long felt need. Originated by us and has proven such a favorite that up to the present time we have been unable to supply the demand.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	8	60
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Abies concolor violacea (White Fir)

A tree of symmetrical growth, even color, and resistant to heat, cold and drought.

1- 2 inches once transplanted.....	4	30
2- 4 " " " ".....	5	38
10-12 inches twice transplanted.....B&B	.40	3.50
12-15 " " " ".....B&B	.50	4.50

Achillea rupestris

Grows into mounds three inches high with fragrant white flowers. Evergreen rock plant.

2- 4 inch spread.....	5	38
4- 6 " " " ".....	6	45
6- 8 " " " ".....	7	53
8-10 " " " ".....	8	60

Andromeda—See Pieris

Araucaria bidwilli (Bunya-Bunya)

A tree, native of Australia. The needles grow in two rows along the stem, are lance-shaped, flat, very sharp pointed, and attain a length of $\frac{3}{4}$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches. It has the most glossy foliage of any conifer with which we are familiar. Especially good for large plantings. Hardy.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	7	53
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Arborvitae—See Thuja and Thujopsis

Arbutus menziesii (Madrona)

Strong growing tree with thick, large, glossy evergreen leaves, and a smooth bark, reddish brown in color near the base of the tree and shading off into a light creamy brown and olive in the upper limbs. Has fragrant white blossoms in the spring and clusters of bright red berries in the fall, both of which add much to the other appealing features of the tree.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	7	53
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Arbutus unedo (Strawberry Tree)

A spreading shrub with rich, evergreen foliage. Has many charming, pearly-white, bell-shaped flowers, followed in the fall by brilliant red strawberry-like fruits. Does well in sun or partial shade, and is drought resistant.

	Each	10	100	1000
Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	\$	\$	\$ 6	\$ 45

Arctostaphylos columbiana (Manzanita)

A shrub of rounded type of growth, attaining a height of four to five feet. Unique and picturesque. Has rather small, round, thick leaves of grayish silver tone, and reddish brown bark that scales off in flakes. A hardy, rugged little mountain shrub that is just different. The flowers, which grow in nodding clusters, are white and pink. Native of the Cascades.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	6	45
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Arctostaphylos nevadensis (Dwarf Manzanita)

A low-growing, broad leaf evergreen, 18 to 24 inches tall, with an interesting spreading habit of growth. The leaves, which have a delightful appearance of freshness, are about the size of a quarter of a dollar and almost as round. Is most impressive when grown in masses as it grows on our Oregon mountain slopes, where it is native. Retains its refreshing greenness under exceedingly dry and trying conditions.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	6	45
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Arctostaphylos uva-ursi (Kinnikinnick)

Sometimes called Bear Berry. A lovely low trailing evergreen, flourishing in a wide range of latitude and altitude. In Oregon it is at home from the splash of the waves of the Pacific to timberline in the Cascade mountains. Withstands almost any degree of cold. Has large brilliant red berries, roundish glossy leaves and grows in thick masses, completely covering the ground, rocks, walks or old logs over which it trails. Exempt from pests, good the year round and in every respect decidedly pleasing and satisfying. Considered by some to be the best ground cover known.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	5	38
2- 4 inches once transplanted.....	6	45
4- 6 " " " ".....	7	

Aucuba japonica variegata (Golddust Aucuba)

Leaves large, glossy, dark green splashed with gold. Hardy and resistant to smoke and dust. The variegated foliage gives this plant a bright cheerful aspect and since it thrives best in deep shade it is a most useful evergreen, for brightening dark, shady corners difficult to landscape. Grows five to six feet tall.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	5	38
2- 4 inches once transplanted.....	6	45
4- 6 " " " ".....	7	53
8-10 inches three times transplanted.....	B&B	.25	2.25	19
10-12 " " " ".....	B&B	.30	2.75	23
12-15 " " " ".....	B&B	.35	3.25	26

The 8-10", 10-12" and 12-15" grades can be shipped in bunches of ten, packed in moss to reduce transportation cost.

5 of same variety and size at 10 rate; 25 at 100 rate; 250 at 1000 rate. B&B signifies balled and burlapped.

Azalea occidentalis (Western Azalea)

Native of Oregon. Tall, strong growing shrub, reaching a height of 6 feet or more and spread of the same. Blooms profusely in the spring with deliciously fragrant, white, pink-tinted flowers. Is one of the attractions of the coastal highways of Oregon in the blossoming season.

	Each	10	100	1000
Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	\$	\$	\$ 6	\$

Azalea schlippenbachii (Royal Azalea)

Slow growing. Has broad, green foliage, especially attractive in the bronze shade of the new growth. Flowers are varying shades of pink and are immense in size, being three inches across. Thrives best in partial shade, and for this reason fills a need among deciduous azaleas.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	5	38
6- 8 inches twice transplanted.....B&B	.30	2.75	23	180
8-10 " " " ".....B&B	.40	3.50	30	240
10-12 " " " ".....B&B	.50	4.50	38	300
12-15 " " " ".....B&B	.60	5.50	45	360
15-18 " " " ".....B&B	.80	7.25	60	480
18-24 " " " ".....B&B	1.00	9.00	75

Azalea sherwoodi (Sherwood Orchid Azalea)

This is a hybrid hinodegiri and our own introduction. The flowers are a fascinating and beautiful orchid in color. It has been awarded a prize in a rare plant exhibit. We have been developing and trying it out for several years in our nursery where it has attracted much attention from visitors. Foliage about the size and gloss of the Hinodegiri Crimson Azalea, hardy anywhere the hinodegiri is hardy, a profuse bloomer, blooms completely covering the plant, and are large for a dwarf azalea. Flowers are a clear lavender with a speckled throat. This azalea fills a need which has not been met by any other azalea. Although showy it harmonizes with other colors in the garden.

1- 2 inches once transplanted.....	8	60
2- 4 " " " ".....	10	75
4- 6 " " " ".....	12	90

Barberry—See Berberis or Mahonia**Beargrass—See Xerophyllum****Berberis darwini** (Darwin Barberry)

Small, dark green, glossy foliage. In early spring this barberry is a gorgeous mass of tiny bright orange-colored flowers. Very decorative.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	5	38
6- 8 inches twice transplanted.....B&B	.20	1.75	15
8-10 " " " ".....B&B	.25	2.25	19
10-12 " " " ".....B&B	.30	2.75	23
12-15 " " " ".....B&B	.40	3.50	30

Berberis dulcis nana

Often called Dwarf Box Barberry. Foliage deep green, compact. Hardy evergreen with orange flowers. One of the best low hedge and border plants.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	5	38
1- 2 inches once transplanted.....	5
2- 4 " " " ".....	6	45
4- 6 " " " ".....	7

5 of same variety and size at 10 rate; 25 at 100 rate; 250 at 1000 rate. B&B signifies balled and burlapped.

Buxus sempervirens suffruticosa (Truedwarf Box)

Dwarf, slow growing. Foliage fine, deep green, dense. The well-known edging plant.

	Each	10	100	1000
Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	\$	\$	\$ 4	\$ 30
1- 2 inches once transplanted.....	4.50	36
2- 4 " " ".....	5	38
2- 4 inches twice transplanted.....	5.50	43
4- 6 " " ".....	6	45
6- 8 " " ".....	8	60

Buxus sempervirens suff. albo-marginata (Silveredge Dwarf Box)

Has all the characteristics of the Truedwarf Box, hardy, dwarf, compact, symmetrical. Presents a pleasing silvery appearance due to the variegated foliage.

1- 2 inches once transplanted.....	5	38
2- 4 " " ".....	6	45

Calluna vulgaris alba (White Heather)

Similar to Red Heather but with white blooms.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	4	30
2- 4 inches once transplanted.....	5
4- 6 " " ".....	6
6- 8 " " ".....	8
8-10 " " ".....	10
12-15 inches twice transplanted.....B&B	.40	3.50

Calluna vulgaris aurea (Golden Heather)

Fine golden foliage, taking on beautiful tinges of red during the fall and winter. Lavender flowers. A dainty, attractive plant which appeals to all who see it. Hardy. New.

2- 4 inches twice transplanted.....	6
4- 6 " " ".....	7
6- 8 " " ".....	8
8-10 " " ".....	10
6- 8 " " ".....B&B	.25	2.25	19	150
8-10 " " ".....B&B	.30	2.75	23	180
10-12 " " ".....B&B	.35	3.25	26	210
12-15 " " ".....B&B	.40	3.50	30
15-18 " " ".....B&B	.50	4.50

Calluna vulgaris pygmaea (Moss Heather)

Dwarf evergreen heather, attaining a height of eight inches. Foliage dark green, dainty. Flowers pink. Gem for the rockery.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	5
2- 4 inches twice transplanted.....	7
4- 6 " " ".....	9

Calluna vulgaris rubra (Red Heather)

The Red Heather is new and may still be considered a rare plant. When in bloom there is nothing visible but the blossoms, which are a rich, purplish-red. It is such a brilliant display of flowering beauty in mid-summer that visitors to our nursery from far and near have been amazed at its superb beauty and have been unstinted in their praise. It is hardy and grows about eighteen inches tall. As in the case of the Darley Heath and Irish Bell Heather, we cannot say too much for this matchless gem of the garden. Its blooms are especially welcome, coming at a season when there is but little competition in blossoming shrubs.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	5	38
8-10 inches twice transplanted.....B&B	.25	2.25
10-12 " " ".....B&B	.30	2.75
12-15 " " ".....B&B	.35	3.25

Camellia japonica (Camellia)

Well known and deservedly popular evergreen, with glossy deep green foliage, and waxy flowers.

MIXED—

	Each	10	100	1000
Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	\$	\$	\$ 7	\$ 53
6- 8 inches twice transplanted.....B&B	.25	2.25
8-10 " " " ".....B&B	.30	2.75
10-12 " " " ".....B&B	.35	3.25

PINK PERFECTION—

This camellia has double clear pink flowers, perfectly formed.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	7	53
4- 6 inches once transplanted.....	10

DOUBLE RED AND WHITE STRIPED FLOWERS—

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	7	53
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Cassiope mertensiana

This is one of the alpine gems from the Cascade mountains seldom found in nurseries. Branches slender, numerous, densely clothed with scale-like foliage. Flowers numerous, nodding and white. Good for rockeries. Extremely hardy and rare. Height about twelve inches. Slow grower. Enjoys shade.

2- 4 inches once transplanted.....	8	60
4- 6 " " " ".....	10	75

Castanopsis chrysophylla (Chinquapin)

A dwarf chestnut of excellent ornamental value and having evergreen foliage. The leaves shade to a golden brown on the under side, and cover the bush-like tree in abundance. A native of the Cascade mountains where it is perfectly hardy.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	8
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Ceanothus prostratus (Mahala Mat or Squaw's Carpet, "Mahala" being one of the North American Indian names for squaw.)

A new broad leaf evergreen for the garden. Low and trailing, leaves resemble small holly in shape, in fact it could easily be mistaken for a creeping holly. Covers the ground with a solid mat or carpet as the name signifies, trailing beautifully about and over stones, stumps or old logs. Thrives in dry, exposed and rocky situations. Hardy in the mountains of Oregon where it is native. While the foliage is most attractive, an outstanding beauty lies in its bright blue blossoms which have tiny points of gold, and with which it is covered in the spring. Another gem which is certain to find its way into every well ordered garden or planting. Has been thought by some to be the most beautiful of all low trailers.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	10	75
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Ceanothus velutinus (Sticky Laurel)

A very hardy broad leaf evergreen, attaining a height of about 6 feet and a spread of 12 feet. Has leaves of medium size and a bright green foliage which possesses a strong aromatic odor. Thrives in a dry rocky soil and in hot or cold exposures. Has soft white blossoms at the ends of the stems. Adds variety of foliage.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	6	45
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Cedar—See Cedrus and Juniperus virginiana

5 of same variety and size at 10 rate; 25 at 100 rate; 250 at 1000 rate. B&B signifies balled and burlapped.

Cedrus atlantica (Atlas Cedar)

A hardy tree with dark green foliage and rugged picturesque habit of growth. Thrives under adverse conditions.

		Each	10	100	1000
18-24 inches three times transplanted.....	B&B	\$.40	\$ 3.50	\$.....	\$.....
24-30 " " " " ".....	B&B	.50	4.50	38
30-36 " " " " ".....	B&B	.65	5.75	49
3- 4 feet three times transplanted.....	B&B	.75	6.75	56
4- 5 " " " " ".....	B&B	.85	7.75	..64

Cedrus deodara (Deodar Cedar)

A fountain of green of surpassing beauty. In India, its native habitat, it has been fittingly termed "Tree of the Gods".

1- 2 inches 1 year, not transplanted.....				4	30
2- 4 " " " " ".....				5	38
4- 6 " " " " ".....				6	45
2- 4 inches once transplanted.....				6
4- 6 " " " " ".....				7	53
6- 8 " " " " ".....				8	60

Chamaecyparis lawsoniana (Lawson Cypress)

One of the old standard favorites, graceful and majestic.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....				6	45
8-10 inches once transplanted.....				9
10-12 " " " " ".....				11
12-15 " " " " ".....				13
3- 4 feet four times transplanted.....	B&B	1.50	13.50
4- 5 " " " " ".....	B&B	2.00	18.00
5- 6 " " " " ".....	B&B	2.25	20.25

Chamaecyparis lawsoniana erecta aurea (Gold Column Cypress)

Beautiful golden form of the green column cypress which it is like in all ways except color. The golden color is most pronounced in the winter months.

2- 4 inches once transplanted.....				6
4- 6 " " " " ".....				7	53
6- 8 " " " " ".....				9	68
8-10 " " " " ".....				11

Chamaecyparis lawsoniana erecta glauca (Blue Column Cypress) (Alumi)

The popular blue cypress. Our plants are grown from the best selected blue stock.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....				6	45
2- 4 inches once transplanted.....				6
4- 6 " " " " ".....				7
18-24 inches three times transplanted.....	B&B	.50	4.50	38
3- 4 feet, sheared to globes.....	B&B	1.75	15.75

Chamaecyparis lawsoniana erecta viridis (Green Column Cypress)

A pyramid of living green which will add life and freshness to any planting.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....				6	45
15-18 inches twice transplanted.....				18
18-24 " " " " ".....				20
12-15 inches three times transplanted.....	B&B	.30	2.75	23
15-18 " " " " ".....	B&B	.35	3.25	26	210
18-24 " " " " ".....	B&B	.50	4.50	38	300
24-30 " " " " ".....	B&B	.60	5.50	45
30-36 " " " " ".....	B&B	.75	6.75

Chamaecyparis lawsoniana grandis

A low flat pyramid, having wonderful green foliage of unusual density. Naturally of shapely form and needing no pruning. Grows to a height of 6 to 8 feet and has a spread considerably broader. Very desirable where neatness and perfection are desired.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....				6	45
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5 of same variety and size at 10 rate; 25 at 100 rate; 250 at 1000 rate. B&B signifies balled and burlapped.

Chamaecyparis lawsoniana lutea (Golden Lawson Cypress)

Dense golden cypress. The foliage is very heavy, while the tree itself is a broad symmetrical pyramid, branching close to the ground. A trim, handsome ornamental, giving the impression of an individual well dressed and groomed, and with a minimum amount of attention. Golden color throughout the year. Resembles Westermann Cypress. Height 6 to 8 feet.

	Each	10	100	1000
Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	\$	\$	\$ 6	\$ 45
6- 8 inches twice transplanted.....B&B	.25	2.25	-----	-----
8-10 " " " ".....B&B	.30	2.75	23	-----
10-12 " " " ".....B&B	.40	3.50	30	-----

Chamaecyparis lawsoniana minima glauca

A true dwarf, dark and dense, bluish green foliage, erect and slow growing. One of the finest of small, low dwarfs. Height 1½ feet, diameter 2 feet full grown. A novelty.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	-----	-----	8	-----
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Chamaecyparis lawsoniana monumentalis

Columnar form of the blue column cypress (alumi). Holds its shape with very little pruning. A valuable subject. Rare in cultivation. Are not sure of the name.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	-----	-----	10	75
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Chamaecyparis lawsoniana nestoides (Bird's Nest Cypress)

A beautiful, low-growing dwarf, of very regular but spreading habit of growth, attaining a spread of 6 feet with a height of 2 feet. The name is misleading as it more nearly resembles a mushroom in form of growth. Has lovely, bright green foliage. Excels for specimen planting.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	-----	-----	7	53
2- 4 inches once transplanted.....	-----	-----	8	-----

Chamaecyparis lawsoniana stewarti (Wintergolden Cypress)

Rather slender golden tree. Foliage erect with pendulous tips toward the top of the tree. One of the most remarkable and most admired of conifers, always attracting attention. Stately in habit, with green and golden foliage of most effective contrast.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	-----	-----	6	45
2- 4 inches once transplanted.....	-----	-----	7	-----
4- 6 " " " ".....	-----	-----	8	-----

Chamaecyparis lawsoniana Triumphe de Boskoop

In color this magnificent tree occupies much the same place in the cypress group that the Koster Blue Spruce does in the spruces. Of graceful form and the foliage has a strikingly silvery-blue sheen that makes it outstanding among trees. A rapid grower and perfectly hardy in this climate.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	-----	-----	8	60
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Chamaecyparis lawsoniana westermanni (Westerman Cypress)

Foliage pendulous and heavy, velvety golden color the year around. One of the most graceful and aristocratic of the Lawsons. It is rapid growing, wide spreading and fits to the ground in a most charming manner. Enjoys the sun. Rare.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	-----	-----	6	45
12-15 inches twice transplanted.....B&B	.40	3.50	-----	-----
15-18 " " " ".....B&B	.50	4.50	38	-----
18-24 " " " ".....B&B	.65	5.75	49	-----
24-30 " " " ".....B&B	.80	7.25	60	-----
30-36 " " " ".....B&B	1.00	9.00	-----	-----

Chamaecyparis lawsoniana wisseli (Wissel Cypress)

Has a dark bluish green foliage, growing in twisted tufts or whorls and of upright growth. One of the many beautiful forms of the Lawson Cypress.

	Each	10	100	1000
Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	\$	\$	\$ 12	\$ 90

Chamaecyparis obtusa (Hinoki Cypress)

Of heavy, rich, deep green, and compact foliage, lustrous and exceptionally pleasing, having no superior in these respects. It is graceful in growth and semi-dwarf. Many consider the obtusa as having the finest green foliage among conifers.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	10	75
12-15 inches three times transplanted.....B&B	.50	4.50	38
15-18 " " " " ".....B&B	.65	5.75	49
18-24 " " " " ".....B&B	.80	7.25	60

Chamaecyparis obtusa aurea (Golden Hinoki Cypress)

Golden form of the above.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	10	75
6- 8 inches twice transplanted.....B&B	.30	2.75
8-10 " " " " ".....B&B	.40	3.50
10-12 " " " " ".....B&B	.50	4.50
12-15 inches three times transplanted.....B&B	.65	5.75	49
15-18 " " " " ".....B&B	.75	6.75	56
18-24 " " " " ".....B&B	.90	8.00
24-30 " " " " ".....B&B	1.05	9.50
30-36 " " " " ".....B&B	1.20	10.75

Chamaecyparis obtusa crippsi

A very conspicuous and golden type of Hinoki Cypress, attaining a height of six to eight feet. Has fern-like foliage, grows slowly and flourishes best in partial shade.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	10
4- 6 inches once transplanted.....	12

Chamaecyparis obtusa ericoides (Sander Retinospora)

Bright green in summer, changing to intense steel blue in winter. Hardy, dwarf and compact. An unusual conifer.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	7
4- 6 inches once transplanted.....	8

Chamaecyparis obtusa lycopodioides (Clubmoss Cypress)

An irregular, upright growing conifer, with extraordinarily dense, bluish-green, and handsome foliage. Tree is picturesque in habit of growth, and seems to carry with it an atmosphere of the moutnains and rough and rugged environment. Not common and will give tone wherever used.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	12	90
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Chamaecyparis obtusa nana (Dwarf Hinoki Cypress)

A real dwarf, having dense, compact, dark green foliage of the richness of the larger Hinoki, and unchanging in color throughout the year. Of almost perfect symmetry. The choicest of dwarf Obtusas, attaining a height of about 18 inches.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	10
2- 4 inches once transplanted.....	12

Chamaecyparis obtusa nana filifera

A dwarf evergreen with dark, rich foliage. It is a low, irregular cone in form of growth. Rather compact but not too much so. A great favorite in our nursery, and with few, if any, superiors in its class. Could be used effectively in almost any place where a dwarf conifer is desired. We are not sure of the name and have given the name only to help describe it.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	12	90
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5 of same variety and size at 10 rate; 25 at 100 rate; 250 at 1000 rate. B&B signifies balled and burlapped.

An extremely handsome dwarf golden form of Hinoki Cypress. The foliage is of exceeding density and intense gold. Very rare.

5 of same variety and size at 10 rate; 25 at 100 rate; 250 at 1000 rate. B&B signifies balled and burlapped.

Chamaecyparis pisifera squarrosa veitchi (Moss Retinospora)

Fine plume-like, silvery foliage. Very compact. Makes beautiful sheared specimens, lending itself well to formal landscaping.

		Each	10	100	1000
Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....		\$	\$	\$ 6	\$ 45
5- 6 feet three times transplanted.....	B&B	2.25	20.25
6- 7 " " " ".....	B&B	2.50	22.50
7- 8 " " " ".....	B&B	2.75	24.75

Cotoneaster

We do not know the name of this variety. Possibly, it is *rotundifolia*. Foliage small, very compact, similar to *horizontalis*, but deeper green. Grows into a very regular shaped mound 2 feet high with a spread of 5 to 6 feet. Very hardy. One of the best creeping forms we know. Evergreen.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	5	38
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Cotoneaster adpressa (Creeping Cotoneaster)

Has fine glossy evergreen foliage, red berries. Good hardy creeper. Grows not more than three inches tall. One of the best prostrate cotoneasters.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	5	38
2- 4 inches once transplanted.....	6

Cotoneaster dammeri (C. humifusa)

A small evergreen creeper, often called *C. humifusa*. Large red berries in profusion. Never grows more than three inches high. Fine rockery plant and good for ground covers. New.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	5	38
2- 4 inches once transplanted.....	5
4- 6 " " ".....	6
6- 8 " " ".....	7
8-10 " " ".....	8
10-12 " " ".....	9

Cotoneaster francheti (Franchet Cotoneaster)

Generally recognized as one of the most graceful and ornamental of all cotoneasters. Pendulous branches, silvery leaves and a mass of orange-red berries in fall and winter. Our cutting-grown plants are far superior to those grown from seed. Evergreen.

Routed cuttings, not transplanted.....	5	38
4- 6 inches once transplanted.....	6
6- 8 " " " ".....	7
8-10 " " " ".....	8
10-12 " " " ".....	10
12-15 inches three times transplanted.....B&B	.30	2.75	23	180
15-18 " " " ".....B&B	.35	3.25	26	210
18-24 " " " ".....B&B	.45	4.00	34	270
2- 3 feet three times transplanted.....B&B	.55	5.00	41	330

Our B&B grades are loaded with berries.

Cotoneaster horizontalis (Rock Cotoneaster)

Well known and deservedly a great favorite, low growing. Masses of red berries in fall and winter. Hardy. Deciduous.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	5	38
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Cotoneaster microphylla (Rockspray)

Small, glossy, deep green leaves. Semi-prostrate form, eventually reaching a height of 3 feet. Wide spreading, very dense. Excellent ground cover or terrace plant. Bright red berries in profusion. Evergreen.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	5	38
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5 of same variety and size at 10 rate; 25 at 100 rate; 250 at 1000 rate. B&B signifies balled and burlapped.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	\$-----	\$-----	\$ 5	\$-----
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Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	5	38
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Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	6	45
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Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	6	45
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Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	5	38
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4- 6 inches once transplanted.....	6
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6-8 " " "

10-12 inches	twice transplanted.....	15
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Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	6	45
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Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	5	38
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4- 6 inches once transplanted.....	6
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6- 8 " " " 7

8-10 " " " 8

	"	"	"				10
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12-15	12
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2- 4 inches once transplanted.....	5
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4- 6	" " "	6	45
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6-8	" " "		7	53
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8-9	"	"	"	7	59
8-10	"	"	"	8	60

9-10	"	"	"				8	60
10-12	"	"	"				10	75

10-12	10	75
12-15	12	90

Cryptomeria japonica lobbi (Lobb Cryptomeria)

Dwarf, growing three to four feet high. Symmetrical pyramid of uniform color throughout the year. Rare.

	Each	10	100	1000
Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	\$.....	\$.....	\$ 7	\$.....
1- 2 inches once transplanted.....	7
2- 4 " " " ".....	9
4- 6 " " " ".....	11

Cryptomeria japonica nana (Dwarf Cryptomeria)

Light green, hardy, very compact globe, extremely dwarf, being full grown at eighteen inches in height. Rare.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	8
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Cupressus arizonica (Arizona Cypress)

A tree of bold upright habit of growth and one which thrives in poor soil and under adverse conditions. Foliage is of silvery gray appearance and good for contrast effects.

4- 6 inches once transplanted.....	6
6- 8 " " " ".....	7

Cupressus sempervirens fastigiata (Columnar Italian Cypress)

One of the most slender of columnar trees. One admired by many, and desirable where columnar effects are sought.

4- 6 inches once transplanted.....	6
6- 8 " " " ".....	7
6- 7 feet three times transplanted.....	B&B	.75 6.75
7- 8 " " " ".....	B&B	1.00 9.00
8- 9 " " " ".....	B&B	1.25 11.25
9-10 " " " ".....	B&B	1.35 12.25
10-12 " " " ".....	B&B	1.50 13.50

Cypress—See Chamaecyparis or Cupressus

Cytisus kewensis (Kew Broom)

Dwarf creeper, making trailing masses 3 to 4 feet across and not more than one foot high. Bears a profusion of creamy white flowers. Rare.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	8
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Cytisus praecox (Warminster Broom)

Sometimes called Moonlight Broom. Branches are heavy and numerous, long and pendulous. Hardy, graceful, evergreen shrub. Flowers rich cream in color, completely covering the branches. A most pleasing and attractive shrub. Rare.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	5	38
4- 6 inches once transplanted.....	6
6- 8 " " " ".....	7
8-10 " " " ".....	8
10-12 " " " ".....	10
6- 8 inches twice transplanted.....	8
8-10 " " " ".....	10	75
10-12 " " " ".....	12	90
12-15 " " " ".....	15

Cytisus purgens (Provence Broom)

Hardy, dwarf, evergreen broom, growing to three feet in height. Grows into a compact globe without pruning. Profuse bloomer. Flowers brilliant yellow, completely covering the plant. Fine rockery shrub. Rare.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	5	38
4- 6 inches once transplanted.....	6
6- 8 " " " ".....	8
6- 8 inches twice transplanted.....	B&B	.25 2.25	19
8-10 " " " ".....	B&B	.30 2.75	23
18-24 inches three times transplanted.....	B&B	.60 5.50	45
24-30 " " " ".....	B&B	.75 6.75	56

SAN FRANCISCO—

Choice, fancy broom. The description of the flower is as follows:
Standards, rosy-red; wings, rosy-red; General effect of the flower is
pure red in color. Moderate growth.

	Each	10	100	1000
Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	\$	\$	\$ 12	\$ 90

ST. MARYS—

Choice, fancy broom. Pure white flower, spreading habit of growth,
long blooming period.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	12
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STANFORD—

choice, fancy broom. The description of its flower is as follows:
Standards, bronze yellow; wings, bright orange-red; keel, golden
yellow. General effect of the flowers is copper. Flowers large.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	12	90
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Daboecia polifolia (Swedish Bell Heather)

The plant, flowers and foliage are smaller and the flowers a deeper
pink than the Pink Irish Bell Heather.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	4	30
6- 8 inches twice transplanted.....B&B	.25	2.25
8-10 " " " ".....B&B	.30	2.75
10-12 " " " ".....B&B	.35	3.25
12-15 " " " ".....B&B	.40	3.50

Daboecia polifolia alba (White Irish Bell Heather)

Similar to the rosea, but having nodding flowers of purest white,
resembling Lily of the Valley in form and size.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	4	30
4- 6 inches twice transplanted.....	8	60
6- 8 " " " ".....	10	75
8-10 " " " ".....	12	90
6- 8 " " " ".....B&B	.25	2.25
8-10 " " " ".....B&B	.30	2.75
10-12 " " " ".....B&B	.35	3.25

Daboecia polifolia rosea (Pink Irish Bell Heather)

A splendid dwarf evergreen growing one to two feet high. Foliage
fine, dark green above, silvery beneath. The flowers are large, purple,
and resemble little bells nodding from the tips of slender, erect stems.
It is one of the few dwarf shrubs which starts blooming in early
spring and continues in bloom until cold weather. Very desirable for
borders, rockeries and masses. Hardy and new.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	4	30
4- 6 inches twice transplanted.....	8
6- 8 " " " ".....	10
6- 8 " " " ".....B&B	.25	2.25	19
8-10 " " " ".....B&B	.30	2.75	23
10-12 " " " ".....B&B	.35	3.25	26	210
12-15 " " " ".....B&B	.45	4.00	34	270
15-18 " " " ".....B&B	.50	4.50	38
18-24 " " " ".....B&B	.60	5.50	45

Daphne cneorum (Rose Daphne) (Rock Daphne)

Probably the most delightfully fragrant of all flowering evergreens.
Blooms in the spring and again in the fall. The flowers, which are
pink, appear in great profusion. The plant is dwarf and well adapted
to rockery, and other plantings. A little dwarf of superior merit.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	6	45
2- 4 inches twice transplanted.....	6
4- 6 " " " ".....	8	60
6- 8 " " " ".....	10

5 of same variety and size at 10 rate; 25 at 100 rate; 250 at 1000 rate. B&B signifies balled and burlapped.

Erica stricta (Corsican Heath)

Grows three to four feet high. Has lavender bloom in mid-summer and fine, dense, bright green foliage. Hardy.

	Each	10	100	1000
Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	\$	\$	\$ 4	\$ 30
15-18 inches twice transplanted.....B&B	.40	3.50	30
18-24 " " " ".....B&B	.50	4.50	38
24-30 " " " ".....B&B	.60	5.50	45

Escallonia langleyensis

A shrub that is fragrant both in flower and foliage. Leaves are bright, glossy green and flowers are reddish pink and well fitted in form and color to the foliage, making a pleasing combination. Grows to a height of 5 to 6 feet, has pendulous, weeping branches and is hardy. Evergreen.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	6	45
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Euonymus buxifolia microphylla

A broad leaf evergreen, growing into a perfectly formed 2 foot globe. Small, box-like foliage as indicated in the name. Works well into formal plantings. Dwarf, hardy and very rare.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	6	45
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Euonymus japonicus (Evergreen Burningbush)

Broad leaf evergreen with glossy leaves of very dark green. Rapid, upright growing shrub, reaching a height of 6 to 8 feet. Its value is in its foliage.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	4	30
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Euonymus japonicus albo-marginatus (Pearledge Burningbush)

Variegated form of the above. Leaves have a creamy-white margin.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	4
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Euonymus radicans (Wintercreeper)

A broad leaf evergreen of low scraggling compact growth, and small, dainty foliage of dark, and very heavy, rich green. Keeps in fine condition throughout the year with minimum care. Dwarf and very hardy.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	4	30
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Euonymus radicans argenteo-marginatus (Silveredge Wintercreeper)

A variegated type of the above. Very dense foliage, which presents a light appearance in summer, and a cheerful and particularly pleasing one, when in the winter season the variegation of the dainty leaves takes on charming tints of red and pink, and at a time when flowers are scarce in the garden and a touch of color is welcome. Dwarf and hardy.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	4	30
1- 4 inches once transplanted.....	5	38
2- 4 " " " ".....	6

Euonymus radicans vegetus (Bigleaf Wintercreeper)

A larger type of radicans. The leaves which possess the same dark, rich green color, are of profuse growth and larger than those of radicans. The plant grows to a height of about 3 feet and attains a spread of 5 feet or more. Very hardy.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	4	30
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Euonymus radicans vegetus argenteo-marginatus (Variegated Bigleaf Wintercreeper)

A variegated type of the above with foliage which takes on charming tints of red and pink that are a delight in the winter season. Foliage dense, like the green type and size of plant about the same. Hardy.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	4	30
2- 4 inches once transplanted.....	5
4- 6 " " " ".....	6

Fir—See *Abies* or *Pseudotsuga*

Firethorn—See *Pyracantha*

Genista dallimorei

A dwarf broom of dense growth, abundant bloomer with flowers of mottled red, yellow and orange in which the red predominates. Handsome both in blossom and foliage. Compact globe, hardy and very rare. A valuable addition to the trade. Height two to three feet.

	Each	10	100	1000
Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	\$	\$	\$ 6	\$ 45
2- 4 inches once transplanted.....	6	45
4- 6 " " " ".....	7	53
6- 8 " " " ".....	8	60
6- 8 inches twice transplanted.....	10
8-10 " " " ".....	12
10-12 " " " ".....	15

Genista decumbens

A creeping broom with yellow flowers. Height not more than eight inches. Distinctly out of the ordinary in brooms.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	5	38
2- 4 inches once transplanted.....	6
4- 6 " " " ".....	7
4- 6 inches twice transplanted.....	8
6- 8 " " " ".....	10
8-10 " " " ".....	12

***Genista hispanica* (Spanish Broom)**

Unlike other brooms, it is fragrant, and blooms throughout the summer. Flowers are large, bright yellow, and profuse. Tall, hardy and supplied by but few nurserymen.

12-18 inches once transplanted.....	12
2- 3 feet twice transplanted.....B&B	.50	4.50

Genista newreyensis

Choice, fancy broom. The flower is a combination of creamy-yellow and mahogany-red.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	12	90
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Genista radiata

One to two feet in height with flowers of deep yellow. A rounded shrub with odd habit of growth in that the branches radiate at right angles in all directions from the main stem.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	6
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Genista sagittalis

A creeping broom reaching a height of not more than five inches. Has a profusion of yellow flowers on vertical stems. Stems are flattened and twisted. Always attracts interest and attention, being unique among brooms. Makes a dense mat on the ground two to three feet in diameter.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	5	38
4- 6 inches once transplanted.....	6	45
6- 8 " " " ".....	7	53
8-10 " " " ".....	8
4- 6 inches twice transplanted.....	7
6- 8 " " " ".....	8
8-10 " " " ".....	9
10-12 " " " ".....	10

The methods which we employ for light packing have greatly reduced the shipping costs.

5 of same variety and size at 10 rate; 25 at 100 rate; 250 at 1000 rate. B&B signifies balled and burlapped.

Genista tinctoria flora plena

Low growing, height about 5 inches, but reaching a spread of 2 to 3 feet. Extremely colorful when in bloom, the foliage being entirely hidden by clustered, golden yellow flower heads, standing two or three inches above the plant. The most profuse bloomer of all brooms.

	Each	10	100	1000
Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	\$	\$	\$ 5	\$ 38
4- 6 inches once transplanted.....	6
6- 8 " " ".....	7
8-10 " " ".....	8
8-10 inches twice transplanted.....	10
10-12 " " ".....	12

Germander—See Teucrium

Heath—See Erica

Heather—See Erica, Calluna, Daboecia, Cassiope or Phyllodoce

Hedera helix arborescens (Bush English Ivy)

A broad leaf evergreen, with every appearance of ivy in bush form, but often having the ivy-like leaves twisted and contorted in an interesting manner. Does well in sun or shade. Reaches a height of 2½ feet and spread of 4 feet. Very hardy and desirable.

2- 4 inches once transplanted.....	8	60
4- 6 " " ".....	10

Helianthemum (Sunrose)

Sun-loving evergreen plants. Small, but showy. Bloom all summer. All the varieties listed have good foliage, are cutting grown and therefore, true to name. Hardy.

APRICOT—

Flowers are apricot in color. Foliage large and heavy. Thrifty, low-growing plant.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	4	30
4- 6 inches once transplanted.....	6
6- 8 " " ".....	8
8-10 " " ".....	10

BOULE DE FEU—

Many small, double, deep red flowers. Fine foliage.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	4	30
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BURNT ORANGE—

The name is descriptive of the color of the flower. Strong, low-growing.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	4	30
6- 8 inches once transplanted.....	8

BUTTERCUP—

Flowers bright golden yellow. Showy. Plant vigorous, low-growing.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	4	30
2- 4 inches once transplanted.....	5
4- 6 " " ".....	6
6- 8 " " ".....	8
8-10 " " ".....	10

RHODANTHE CARNEUM—

Flowers pale pink. Silvery foliage, upright.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	4	30
6- 8 inches once transplanted.....	8

ROSY GEM—

Rosy-red flowers. Upright habit.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	4	30
4- 6 inches once transplanted.....	6
6- 8 " " ".....	8
8-10 " " ".....	10

5 of same variety and size at 10 rate; 25 at 100 rate; 250 at 1000 rate. B&B signifies balled and burlapped.

5 of same variety and size at 10 rate; 25 at 100 rate; 250 at 1000 rate. B&B signifies balled and burlapped.

Iris crestatata (Crested Iris)					
A creeper with large blue flowers on 6 inch stems.					
3 year clumps.....	Each	10	100	1000	
	\$	\$	\$ 8	\$	
Iris pumila (Purple)					
Dwarf. Immense purple flowers on 8 inch stems. A marvelous plant in its class.					
2 year clumps.....	8	60	
Iris pumila (Yellow)					
Same as above but with immense orange-yellow flowers.					
2 year clumps.....	8	60	
Iris sweetseri					
Dwarf, stocky plant, 6 to 8 inch stems. Clear yellow.					
2 year clumps.....	8	
Ivy—See Hedera					
Jasminum officinale (Common White Jasmine)					
This deservedly famous southern vine is also hardy in the north. It blossoms most of the summer and late into the fall. The dainty foliage is almost evergreen. The blossoms are pure white and have an exquisite, spicy fragrance. To know this beautiful vine is to prize it wherever vine effects are desired.					
2 year twice transplanted.....	.15	1.25	11	
Juniperus (Blue Creeping Juniper)					
Have been unable to identify this rare plant. Its color is the matchless blue of the Blue Atlas Cedar, and unchanging from season to season. The foliage is almost cypress-like in texture, somewhat resembling the Waukegan Juniper. Very hardy and does not exceed six inches in height. It undoubtedly has a great future, combining as it does delightful qualities of color, foliage, and habit of growth.					
Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	10	75	
Juniperus (Cream Tipped Juniper)					
This juniper adds variation and beauty both in form and color from the average juniper. Foliage in spring and summer bright green with cream tips, winter foliage is a rich bronze with tips of old gold. Low spreading, vase-like form, reaching a height of 3 feet with a spread of 6 feet. Were it not of low spreading form, it might be regarded as Goldtip Redcedar. Name unknown and plant is a very rare type.					
Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	10	75	
Juniperus chinensis armstrongi (Armstrong's Spreading Juniper)					
Produces a dense mass of soft gray-green foliage, 2 to 3 feet high and broadly spreading. Hardy, vigorous grower.					
Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	7	53	
Juniperus chinensis femina (Sylvestris) (Reeves Juniper)					
A loosely branched tree, tips slightly nodding. Foliage bright green, completely covering the branches, in fact it is so dense that the branches appear to be moss laden. Contrast between adult and juvenile foliage is very delightful. A wonderful tree.					
Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	7	53	
4- 6 inches once transplanted.....	8	
6- 8 " " " " ".....	10	

Juniperus chinensis maxima

An upright growing juniper, well limbed, and carrying a fine mixture of juvenile and adult foliage on the same branches. Needs a little more space than some junipers, and thus fits well into larger plantings. Grows to a height of 10 to 12 feet with a spread of 8 to 10 feet at the base. Very hardy. Each 10

at the base. Very hardy.	Each	10	100	1000
Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	\$	\$	\$ 7	\$.....

Juniperus chinensis pfitzeriana (Pfitzers Juniper)

This well known juniper can scarcely be excelled for terrace and mass planting. Upright training gives it a very individual habit of growth and greater range of landscape uses. It is hardy and a rapid, vigorous grower and thrives under adverse conditions of soil and climate.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	6	45
2- 4 inches once transplanted.....	6	45
4- 6 " " " ".....	7	53
6- 8 " " " ".....	8	60
8-10 " " " ".....	9	68
12-15 inches three times transplanted.....B&B	.50	4.50	38	300
15-18 " " " ".....B&B	.65	5.75	49	390
18-24 " " " ".....B&B	.90	8.00	68	540
24-30 " " " ".....B&B	1.10	10.00	83

The following two grades have been pruned into columns suitable for use as standards. They can be formed into umbrellas, fans, or wide-spreading pyramids. Very desirable for certain types of landscape work.

3- 4 feet three times transplanted.....	B&B	1.00	9.00	75	600
4- 5 " " " "	B&B	1.25	11.25	94	750

Juniperus chinensis pyramidalis (Column Chinese Juniper)

A very hardy tree. Grows well under difficult soil and climate conditions. Stands shearing well and can be easily pruned to a slender column.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	7
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Juniperus communis depressa (Canadensis) (Prostrate Juniper)

A low spreading, many branched juniper, with heavy gray-green foliage, resembling that of the hemlock. Very hardy and a rapid grower.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	6	45
8-10 inches twice transplanted.....	10
10-12 " " ".....	12
10-12 " " " B&B.....	.30	2.75	23
12-15 " " " B&B.....	.40	3.50	30
15-18 " " " B&B.....	.50	4.50	38
18-24 " " " B&B.....	.65	5.75	49
24-30 " " " B&B.....	.75	6.75	56
30-36 " " " B&B.....	.90	8.00

Juniperus communis depressa aurea (Golden Prostrate Juniper)

Golden form of the above.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	7	53
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Juniperus communis depressa plumosa (Andorra Juniper)

One of the more recent introductions in creeping junipers. It grows close to the ground but the tips of the branches lift up not to exceed a height of eighteen inches. Its dense mat of foliage is deep green in summer, changing to a rich purple bronze when touched by the frosts of cold weather.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	6	45
6- 8 inches twice transplanted.....	8
8-10 " " ".....	10
10-12 " " ".....	12	90
12-15 " " ".....	15	113
15-18 " " ".....	18	135

Juniperus communis hibernica fastigiata (Narrow Irish Juniper)

A form very superior to the common Irish Juniper. Grows into a dense, narrow column without pruning. A healthy, vigorous grower.

	Each	10	100	1000
Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	\$	\$	\$ 6	\$ 45
2- 4 inches once transplanted.....	6

Juniperus communis montana (Mountain Juniper)

A very prostrate creeping form with needle-like glaucous foliage. Seldom reaches a height of more than one foot, a rare and beautiful gem from the mountains. We consider this to be one of the finest creeping junipers we grow. Very hardy. A native of the high Cascades where it beautifies many a mountain slope.

6- 8 inches twice transplanted.....	B&B	.30	2.75	23
8-10 " " ".....	B&B	.40	3.50	30
10-12 " " ".....	B&B	.50	4.50

Juniperus conferta (Shore Juniper)

Introduced into the Arnold Arboretum in 1915. A low creeping juniper with dense, bright green foliage. Makes a heavy matted ground cover 6 inches high. A plant of decidedly pleasing effect.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	7	53
4- 6 inches once transplanted.....	8
6- 8 " " ".....	9

Juniperus contorta

A creeping juniper, foliage somewhat similar to Pfitzer Juniper, height not exceeding eighteen inches, rapid grower. Distinguished by large coxcomb masses at the ends of the branches. Unique and decidedly attractive. Coxcomb effect not noticeable in young plants. Extremely rare.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	6	45
12-15 inches twice transplanted.....	B&B	.65	5.75
15-18 " " ".....	B&B	.75	6.75
18-24 " " ".....	B&B	.90	8.00	68

Juniperus excelsa stricta (Spiny Greek Juniper)

Grows in the form of an almost perfect cone, making it desirable for formal gardens and plantings. Foliage dense, upright and of attractive glaucous color.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	6	45
2- 4 inches once transplanted.....	6
4- 6 " " ".....	7

Juniperus horizontalis douglasi (Waukegan Juniper)

A chief point of merit of this creeper is the color, a delicate blue in the summer season changing to a pleasing purplish tint in the fall and winter.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	6	45
4- 6 inches once transplanted.....	7
6- 8 " " ".....	8
8-10 " " ".....	9
10-12 " " ".....	10

Juniperus horizontalis glauca (Blue Creeping Juniper)

The blue creeping junipers are always attractive on terraces, sloping lawns, over-hanging walls and the like where they can be used. This one is well up in its class. Foliage is bright steel blue, with a soft, velvety flush in the new growth that is appealing. Wide spreading, low growing, forming a dense blue mat. Is perfectly hardy.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	7	53
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5 of same variety and size at 10 rate; 25 at 100 rate; 250 at 1000 rate. B&B signifies balled and burlapped.

Hardy, creeping juniper, foliage needle-like, gray-green in color. Very desirable in many plantings. Clings close to the ground, rocks or walls. Height 10 inches. Often misnamed chinensis procumbens or procumbens. Each 10

Juniperus japonica bandai sugi aurea

One of the best dwarf junipers. Vase shaped in habit, long ascending plume-like branches nodding at the tips, rich golden, heavy matted foliage. Hardy, dwarf, slow growing. Unique both in foliage and habit of growth. A new aristocrat.

Juniperus procumbens albo-variegata (White Variegated Creeping Juniper)

Creeping form with charming white splashes and tips intermingled with the green.

Juniperus procumbens aureo-variegata (Gold Variegated Creeping Juniper)

Same as the above but with golden splashes and tips. Much could be said for these fine creepers.

Juniperus sabina (Savin Juniper)

A semi-spreading, many branched conifer, growing to a height of four feet, very hardy and with good green color at all seasons of the year.

Juniperus sabina fastigiata (Column Savin Juniper)

Foliage similar to Savin Juniper. Branches rather long, ascending, grows to a height of 15 feet and shears into beautiful columns.

Juniperus sabina tamariscifolia (Tamarix Savin Juniper)

Color, a bright, cheerful green throughout the year, symmetrical and compact in form and growth, not over eighteen inches high. Hardy, and one of the finest of creeping varieties.

Juniperus sabina variegata (Hoarfrost Savin Juniper)

Has a delicate variegation throughout, giving it the appearance of being sprinkled with frost. Hardy and rare.

5 of same variety and size at 10 rate; 25 at 100 rate; 250 at 1000 rate. B&B signifies balled and burlapped.

Juniperus sabina von ehron (Von Ehron Juniper)

Has a low, bushy habit of growing, somewhat like the Savin Juniper. Foliage is a bright, rich green of popular shade. There is an increasing demand for Von Ehron that is fully warranted.

	Each	10	100	1000
Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	\$	\$	\$ 7	\$ 53

Juniperus sphaerica (Fortunei)

Tall, narrowly conical, and stately in form of growth. Branches upright with pendulous tips. Rugged in effect, and a hardy vigorous grower, suitable for planting in rigorous climates. Bright foliage, unchanging the year round.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	10	75
6- 8 inches once transplanted.....	12
8-10 " " " ".....	13

Juniperus squamata meyeri (Meyer Juniper)

A juniper of marked individuality. Has a dense, heavy growth, which shapes up in plume-like branches of erect irregular growth. Foliage is of a most fascinating, deep blue color and different from most plants. Forms a harmony with most other evergreen shades and colors that cannot be surpassed.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	8	60
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Juniperus virginiana (Redcedar)

Foliage dense green in spring, darkening to a rich bronze in winter. A compact, pyramidal tree of great hardiness. Does well in poor soil.

2- 4 inches once transplanted.....	6
10-12 inches twice transplanted.....	12	90
10-12 inches three times transplanted.....	B&B	.30 2.75	23	180
12-15 " " " ".....	B&B	.40 3.50	30	240
15-18 " " " ".....	B&B	.50 4.50	38	300
18-24 " " " ".....	B&B	.65 5.75	49	390
24-30 " " " ".....	B&B	.80 7.25	60	480
30-36 " " " ".....	B&B	.95 8.50	71	570

Juniperus virginiana glauca (Silver Redcedar)

A popular variety of redcedar. Upright in growth with spreading branches, color silvery blue. Hardy, does well under poor growing conditions, and throughout a wide range of climate.

4- 6 inches once transplanted.....	12
6- 8 " " " ".....	15

Juniperus virginiana kosteri (Koster Redcedar)

A creeping juniper with soft green and extremely dense foliage. Forms a full, perfect mound 2 to 3 feet high and wide spreading. Very rapid grower. Very hardy. The most perfectly shaped, semi-creeping juniper that we know of and one of the most attractive. Grows into remarkably fine specimen plants.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	6	45
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Juniperus virginiana pyramidiformia hilli (Hill Dundee Juniper)

Has green foliage in summer, plum-colored in winter. Upright, rapid grower. Very hardy. Lends itself well to pruning and can be shaped into a perfect pyramid.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	10	75
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5 of same variety and size at 10 rate; 25 at 100 rate; 250 at 1000 rate. B&B signifies balled and burlapped.

Kalmia polifolia (Bog Kalmia) (Dwarf Mountain Laurel)

Dense, rich, glossy foliage. Small leaves. Grows to eighteen inches. Very hardy. This is one of the finest dwarf evergreens. It blossoms very early in the spring and is a mass of tiny, nodding, bell-shaped, pink flowers. Native of the high Cascades.

	Each	10	100	1000
1- 2 inches once transplanted.....	\$	\$	\$ 6	\$
2- 4 " " "	7	53
4- 6 " " "	8	60
6- 8 " " "	10
8-10 inches twice transplanted.....	15
10-12 " " "	18

Kalmiopsis leachiana (Kalmiopsis)

Here is something new for the gardens. Undoubtedly one of the rarest and one of the finest of small, broad leaf evergreens. Believed to be one of the few hold overs of the plants of the glacial period, seemingly a remnant of ancient plant life, and found only in a very limited area in the mountains of Oregon. The leaves are medium-small and glossy. Foliage which is full is a deep, healthy green. Plants grow to a height of 1 to 2 feet and are covered with bright red and pink blossoms in the spring. In every respect a most delightful little shrub, among the choicest of the choice, and one which every plant lover will desire to possess. Hardy.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	15	113
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Kinnikinnick—See Arctostaphylos

Laurel—See Kalmia, Aucuba, Laurocerasus, Laurus, Umbellularia or Ceanothus

Laurocerasus lusitanica (Portugal Laurel)

Dark green, glossy foliage, large leaves. A strong growing plant which stands shearing well. A beautiful shrub especially when planted with other evergreens.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	5	38
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Laurocerasus officinalis (English Cherry Laurel)

A common hedge plant. Rapid growing, large, heavy foliage.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	4	30
4- 6 inches once transplanted.....	5	38
6- 8 " " "	6	45
8-10 " " "	7
10-12 " " "	8

Laurus zabelli (Zabells Laurel)

Grows four to six feet high, wide spreading and is covered in the spring of the year with large spikes of white, scented flowers. Foliage rich, glossy green unaffected by cold or dry weather. Hardier than English or Portugal Laurel. Being hardy, semi-dwarf and a good bloomer it meets a need in landscaping, and will unquestionably be used a great deal as it becomes better known. Rare.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	4	30
2- 4 inches once transplanted.....	5
4- 6 " " "	6	45
6- 8 " " "	7	53
8-10 " " "	8

Laurustinus—See Viburnum tinus

The business of this Company is on a cash basis, and we are passing the resulting benefits in reduced overhead costs, on to our customers in the low prices quoted in our catalogue.

Lespedeza formosa (Purple Bushclover) (Desmodium)

A perennial, growing to six or eight feet. Rosy colored flowers in great clusters along tall slender stems. One of the best fall blooming shrubs.

	Each	10	100	1000
4 year.....	\$.30	\$ 2.75	\$ 23	\$ 180
540	3.50	30	240

Leucothoe catesbaei (Drooping Leucothoe)

Large, glossy foliage, turning to gorgeous shades of red and bronze in the fall and winter. Semi-dwarf and hardy. White flowers, produced in clusters in the early spring. Erect, but with tips of branches drooping.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	6	45
12-15 inches three times transplanted.....B&B	.35	3.25	26
15-18".....B&B	.40	3.50	30
18-24".....B&B	.45	4.00	34
2- 3 feet three times transplanted.....B&B	.50	4.50	38

Ligustrum japonicum (Japanese Privet)

Waxy evergreen leaves, which are larger than those of most privets. Can be used where other privets are used for hedging or other plantings. A superior privet.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	4	30
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Ligustrum ovalifolium variegatum (Golden California Privet)

Bright golden foliage throughout the year. Upright, compact habit. Very popular.

12-15 inches three times transplanted.....B&B	.25	2.25	19	150
15-18".....B&B	.30	2.75	23	180
18-24".....B&B	.35	3.25	26	210
2- 3 feet three times transplanted.....B&B	.40	3.50	30	240
3- 4".....B&B	.50	4.50	38

Madrona—See **Arbutus**

Mahala Mat—See **Ceanothus**

Mahonia aquifolium (Oregon Grape)

An ornate little evergreen shrub, native of Oregon, where it is much loved and enjoyed. Leaves are holly like and bright green. Has long clusters of bright golden yellow flowers in the spring, followed by bunches of bright blue, grape-like berries, which are sometimes used for jelly making. Attractive in foliage, flower and fruit. Also fine for interior decorative purposes. Some leaves take on autumn tints of crimson, deep red, bronze and gold. The shrub is at its best in group plantings.

1- 2 inches, one year, not transplanted.....	2	15
2- 4".....	3	23
4- 6".....	4	30
6- 8".....	5	38
10-12 inches twice transplanted.....B&B	.30	2.75
12-15".....B&B	.40	3.50

Mahonia japonica aurea (Golden Leatherleaf Hollygrape)

A broad leaf evergreen which possesses a compelling interest. The frond-like foliage is bright green and golden, broad and sharp. Grows to a height of 3 to 4 feet or more. In plantings where it is used it is one of the first to catch the eye, and one of the plants that will hold the attention and interest of the observer. Rare. We are not positive of the name.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	12	90
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5 of same variety and size at 10 rate; 25 at 100 rate; 250 at 1000 rate. B&B signifies balled and burlapped.

Mahonia nervosa (Longleaf Hollygrape)

Plants grow 12 to 18 inches tall, the leaves which are 12 to 15 inches long are beautifully fern-like in form. Flowers are bright golden yellow, followed by bunches of bright blue, grape-like fruit. The foliage is dark green, turning to most beautiful shades of brilliant red and bronze in the fall. Does well in sun or shade. Thrives under conifers. One of the very best of Oregon's native shrubs.

	Each	10	100	1000
1- 2 inches, one year, not transplanted.....	\$	\$	\$ 4	\$ 30
2- 4 "..... "..... "..... "..... ".....	5	38

Manzanita—See Arctostaphylos**Mountain Laurel—See Kalmia****Nepeta nuda**

Hardy rock plant with silvery gray foliage and a great mass of blue flowers. Evergreen. Fine for borders as well as rock work. The best of the Nepetas.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	4	30
10-12 inch clumps.....	15

Oak—See Quercus**Oregon Grape—See Mahonia****Oregon Myrtle—See Umbellularia****Osmanthus aquifolium** (Holly Osmanthus)

Holly-like plant. Foliage glossy, and attractive. Leaves serrated like holly. Hardy and stands shearing well. These features, combined with its rapid, sturdy habit of growth make it a hedge plant of outstanding merit. Masses of fragrant, white flowers.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	5	38
1- 2 inches once transplanted.....	5	38

Osteomeles schwerianae

A hardy evergreen shrub with dainty, light green, fern-like foliage, and slender, rigid stems. Flowers are suggestive of apple blossoms, and are followed by blue berries. Does well in dry soil and full sun. Has gently weeping habit. Height 6 to 8 feet. A plant which displays real class and refinement when used for hedging or other plantings.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	6	45
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Pachistima myrsinites (Mountain Boxwood)

One of the charming natives of the high Cascades. Grows to a height of 3 to 4 feet. Is thickly clothed with small ovate leaves of deep green. Excellent foliage plant. Hardy evergreen.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	6	45
2- 4 inches once transplanted.....	6
4- 6 "..... "..... ".....	8

Pentstemon menziesii

Low, mound-like plant, having a profusion of large purple flowers. Bright evergreen foliage. A tidy little plant and one of the best of pentstemons. Native in the mountains above timberline.

1- 2 inches once transplanted.....	5	38
2- 4 "..... "..... ".....	6	45

Pentstemon heterophyllus

Plant about 15 inches tall. Narrow leaves. Has great masses of popular, bright blue flowers turning violet. Evergreen.

4- 6 inches once transplanted.....	5
6- 8 "..... "..... ".....	6	45
8-10 "..... "..... ".....	8	60
10-12 "..... "..... ".....	10	75

Phlox amoena (*Amoena Phlox*)

Grows in a small compact evergreen mound, out of which rise a multitude of flower stems 6 inches tall, loaded with pink flowers, literally bouquets of bloom. A neat little plant, and one which always excites admiration. Blooms spring and fall. Hardy.

	Each	10	100	1000
1- 2 inch clumps.....	\$	\$	\$ 6	\$ 45
2- 4 "....."	7	53
4- 6 "....."	8

Phyllodoce empetrifomis

Color vivid green, branches stocky and well clothed with needle-like foliage. Height twelve inches. Flowers dense, bright pink. Common in the high Cascades where it is called Alpine Heather but seldom found in the nursery trade. Thrives at lower levels. Slow grower, and defies snow and cold weather. Enjoys shade.

1- 2 inches once transplanted.....	6	45
2- 4 "....."	8	60
4- 6 "....."	10	75

Picea excelsa (*Norway Spruce*)

One of the best known and one of the hardiest of conifers. Conical in form of growth and with deep green foliage. Does well in rather sterile soil and defies the blast in cold, exposed situations. Valuable for windbreaks and makes good specimen trees. Holds a place of deserved esteem.

1- 2 inches once transplanted.....	4	30
2- 4 "....."	5	38
4- 6 "....."	6

Picea polita (*Tiger Tail Spruce*)

In appearance the foliage is light green, delicate and pleasing, but harsh to the touch. Upright, symmetrical, uniform and dense. Serves a valuable purpose as a protector against trespassers.

1 inch not transplanted.....	3	23
8-10 inches twice transplanted.....B&B	.35	3.25

Picea pungens glauca (*Blue Colorado Spruce*)

Bluish green foliage, symmetrical habit, slow growing. One of the best spruces. Hardy under adverse conditions.

½- 1 inch, not transplanted.....	2	15
1- 2 inches, not transplanted.....	3	23
6- 8 inches twice transplanted.....B&B	.25	2.25	19
8-10 "....."	B&B	.30	2.75	23
10-12 "....."	B&B	.40	3.50	30
12-15 "....."	B&B	.50	4.50	38

Picea pungens kosteri (*Koster Blue Spruce*)

Has uniformly and outstandingly deep, fresh, silvery blue foliage. Compact and symmetrical. The Koster Blue Spruce is distinctly in a class by itself. It is both beautiful and showy and always scarce. It meets with favor wherever seen and calls forth expressions of delight. To see this rare tree is to admire and enjoy it. Hardy.

6- 8 inches twice transplanted.....B&B	.65	5.75
8-10 "....."	B&B	.75	6.75
10-12 "....."	B&B	.90	8.00	68
12-15 "....."	B&B	1.10	10.00	83
15-18 "....."	B&B	1.25	11.25	94
18-24 "....."	B&B	1.50	13.50	113

5 of same variety and size at 10 rate; 25 at 100 rate; 250 at 1000 rate. B&B signifies balled and burlapped.

Quercus agrifolia (California Live Oak)

An evergreen tree of shapely, pleasing growth. Close branching, and has leaves resembling small holly leaves in the young growth, but losing most of the serrulated edge in the older trees. Strong and vigorous. The wind-swept Live Oaks along the coast of California are among the most picturesque trees in the world.

	Each	10	100	1000
Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	\$	\$	\$ 6	\$ 45

Quercus suber (Cork Oak)

A tree with small evergreen leaves, and like oaks in general, of vigorous growth. The bark is very rough, thick and cork like, even to the small branches. A tree which adds good variety where that result is desirable.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	6	45
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Redcedar—See *Juniperus*

Redwood—See *Sequoia*

Retinospora—See *Chamaecyparis* or *Thuja*

There is no such genus as *Retinospora*. All plants referred to it are juvenile states of *Chamaecyparis* or *Thuja*.

Rhododendron hybrid

Seedlings grown from seed from a famous collection.

2- 4 inches twice transplanted.....	12	90
4- 6 " " " ".....	15	113
6- 8 " " " ".....	18
8-10 " " " ".....	20

Rhododendron ponticum (Pontic Rhododendron)

Hardy, vigorous grower. Large, glossy foliage. Pink to lavender blooms. The rhododendron is one of the most satisfactory of all shrubs. Besides its healthy, glossy foliage at all times, it provides the home with a luxuriance of blossoms that are a delight to all. Fits into practically all plantings, used either singly or in masses. Our lining out grades are fine sturdy little plants and the larger sizes are full of blossom buds. This is one of our specialties which we grow in quantities, and have made the prices correspondingly low.

1- 2 inches twice transplanted.....	6	45
2- 4 " " " ".....	7	53
4- 6 " " " ".....	8	60
6- 8 " " " ".....	9	68
10-12 inches three times transplanted.....	B&B	.40 3.50
12-15 " " " ".....	B&B	.50 4.50	38
15-18 " " " ".....	B&B	.65 5.75	49
18-24 " " " ".....	B&B	.90 8.00	68
24-30 " " " ".....	B&B	1.25 11.25	94
30-36 " " " ".....	B&B	1.50 13.50	113
3- 4 feet three times transplanted.....	B&B	1.75 15.75	131

RHODODENDRON (*White*)—

12-15 inches three times transplanted.....	B&B	.65 5.75
15-18 " " " ".....	B&B	.75 6.75
18-24 " " " ".....	B&B	1.00 9.00
24-30 " " " ".....	B&B	1.25 11.25

Rhododendron wilsoni

A dwarf rounded shrub with small dark green leaves. Height about 2½ feet. Has a certain appealing attractiveness of its own to discriminating gardeners. Small pink flowers in clusters.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	12
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Sedum acre (Goldmoss)

Evergreen rock carpet, of moss-like foliage, completely covered in spring with bright yellow flowers. Grows well in poor soil and does best in full sun.

1- 2 inch clumps.....	5	38
2- 4 " " " ".....	6	45

5 of same variety and size at 10 rate; 25 at 100 rate; 250 at 1000 rate. B&B signifies balled and burlapped.

Fleshy, evergreen foliage, bright red flowers. Rock plant about 6 inches tall.		Each	10	100	1000
6-	8 inch clumps.....	\$	\$	\$ 10	\$ 75

A conifer of majestic bearing. Large, fine foliage. Rears itself to a great height, tapering to a perfect, pointed spire, and having a sturdy, substantial trunk. A rapid grower, and a tree which gives dignity to grounds that are large and ample. Has no parallel in its class.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	7	53
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A large-growing conifer, having sprays of flat-needed foliage and dark brown bark. Horizontal or down sweeping branches. Especially desirable for large plantings or estates.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	5
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8-10 inches once transplanted.....	10
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One of the best white spireas. Has soft feathery light green foliage and the fall coloring is delightful. Hardy and in good demand.

2- 3 feet15	1.25	11	90
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Sunrose—See Helianthemum

Deep green, rapid growing, very dense. The old favorite of English gardens. One of the best of all hedge plants. Will stand any amount of pruning.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	6	45
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2- 4 inches twice transplanted.....	7
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4-6 " " "

.....

8 60

6-8 " " " 9 68

8-10 " " " 10

10-12 " " " 12

10-12 inches	three times transplanted.....	B&B	.40	3.50	30
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12-15	"	"	"	"	B&B	.55	5.00	41
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15-18	"	"	"	"	B&B	.70	6.25	53
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18-24	"	"	"	"	B&B	1.00	9.00	75
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24-30	"	"	"	"	B&B	1.25	11.25	94
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A rare plant and one of the most handsome of all vews. Foliage bright golden, diminishing in color late in the season. Hardy, slow growing, globe shaped, compact. Seldom reaches a height of more than five or six feet.

6- 8 inches twice transplanted.....	9	68
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6- 8 inches	three	times	transplanted.....B&B	.25	2.25	19	150
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8-10	"	"	"	"	B&B	.30	2.75	23	180
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10-12	"	"	"	"	B&B	.40	3.50	30	240
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10-12	"	"	"	"	B&B	.10	3.98	38	218
12-15	"	"	"	"	B&B	.55	5.00	41	330

12-15	B&B	.95	5.00	11	550
15-18	B&B	.70	6.25	53	420

15-18	"	"	"	"	B&B	1.70	8.25	95	120
18-24	"	"	"	"	B&B	1.00	9.00	75

18-24	B&B	1.00	9.00	75
24-30	" " " "	B&B	1.25	11.25

Taxus baccata elegantissima (Variegated English Yew)

Dwarf, broadly columnar, slow growing. The foliage is very dense and bright golden. Compact, hardy and unusual.

	Each	10	100	1000
Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	\$	\$	\$ 8	\$ 60

Taxus baccata erecta (Broom Yew)

A columnar form of the English Yew. Narrow and compact like the Irish Yew but more rapid growing and smaller foliage.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	6	45
2- 4 inches once transplanted.....	6
4- 6 inches twice transplanted.....	8
6- 8 " " " ".....	9
8-10 " " " ".....	10
12-15 inches three times transplanted.....B&B	.55	5.00	41
15-18 " " " ".....B&B	.65	5.75	49
18-24 " " " ".....B&B	.75	6.75	56
24-30 " " " ".....B&B	1.00	9.00	75
30-36 " " " ".....B&B	1.25	11.25	94
3- 4 feet three times transplanted.....B&B	1.50	13.50

Taxus baccata fastigiata (Irish Yew)

Columnar and formal, compact. Foliage intensely dark green, not changing in the least with the seasons. Very slow growing and very desirable.

2- 4 inches twice transplanted.....	6
4- 6 " " " ".....	8	60
6- 8 " " " ".....	10	75
8-10 " " " ".....	12	90
10-12 " " " ".....	14	105
12-15 " " " ".....	16	120
15-18 inches three times transplanted.....B&B	.50	4.50	38
18-24 " " " ".....B&B	.65	5.75	49	390
24-30 " " " ".....B&B	.85	7.75	64	510
30-36 " " " ".....B&B	1.10	10.00	83	660
3- 4 feet three times transplanted.....B&B	1.40	12.50	105	840
4- 5 " " " ".....B&B	1.75	15.75	131

Taxus baccata fastigiata aurea (Golden Irish Yew)

Golden form of the above. Choice.

1- 2 inches twice transplanted.....	6	45
2- 4 " " " ".....	8	60
4- 6 " " " ".....	10	75
24-30 inches four times transplanted.....B&B	.85	7.75
30-36 " " " ".....B&B	1.10	10.00	83
3- 4 feet four times transplanted.....B&B	1.40	12.50	105
4- 5 " " " ".....B&B	1.75	15.75

Taxus baccata procumbens (Prostrate English Yew)

One of the beautiful prostrate types, being of broad vase-shaped form of growth, low and heavily branched. Has a deep green foliage. Is a strong vigorous grower, and of far more than ordinary attractive appearance. Occupies a valuable place in landscaping where low growers are desired because of its commanding form and color. Does equally well in sun or shade. Rare.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	7	53
2- 4 inches once transplanted.....	7
4- 6 " " " ".....	8
6- 8 " " " ".....	10
2- 4 inches twice transplanted.....	8	60
4- 6 " " " ".....	10	75
6- 8 " " " ".....	12

Thuja occidentalis (Compact Blue Arborvitae)

The finest of all blue arborvitae in form, color and general appearance. Compact, dense foliage of charming dark, blue-green color. Neat and conical in form, needing little pruning. Hardy and rare. A distinctive tree that is certain to be used extensively as it becomes known and appreciated. We have been unable to definitely identify this tree.

	Each	10	100	1000
Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	\$	\$	\$ 6	\$
2- 4 inches once transplanted.....	6
4- 6 " " " ".....	7	53
6- 8 " " " ".....	8

Thuja occidentalis aureo-variegata (Goldspot Arborvitae)

A rapid growing tree, very desirable for specimen or mass planting. Has an appealing freshness and varied color throughout the year. A lovely hedge plant. Hardy.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	6	45
18-24 inches three times transplanted				
(For hedging, not a specimen grade).....B&B	3.50	26
24-30 inches three times transplanted				
(For hedging, not a specimen grade).....B&B	4.00	30
30-36 inches three times transplanted				
(For hedging, not a specimen grade).....B&B	4.50	38
3- 4 feet three times transplanted				
(For hedging, not a specimen grade).....B&B	5.00	41
6- 7 feet three times transplanted.....B&B	3.25	29.25
7- 8 " " " ".....B&B	3.75	33.75

Thuja occidentalis decussata

A blue-green arborvitae, having a soft, dense, feathery foliage. Pyramidal in form and adds effective variety in tree grouping.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	6
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Thuja occidentalis ericoides (Heath Retinospora)

A very dense dwarf conifer seldom attaining a height of more than three or four feet. Has a soft foliage and is perfectly hardy in the northern states. Its seasonal changes of color are fine, particularly in the winter season when it takes on an unusual and delightful violet hue. Equally good for specimen or mass plantings, and for rockeries, borders and edgings it has few peers. We cannot say too much for this gem of rock and garden.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	5	40
2- 4 inches once transplanted.....	5
4- 6 " " " ".....	6
6- 8 " " " ".....	8
12-15 inches twice transplanted.....B&B	.40	3.50	30
15-18 " " " ".....B&B	.50	4.50	38
18-24 " " " ".....B&B	.75	6.75	56
24-30 " " " ".....B&B	.85	7.75	64
30-36 " " " ".....B&B	1.00	9.00	75
3- 4 feet twice transplanted.....B&B	1.25	11.25	94

Thuja occidentalis nana (Little Globe Arborvitae)

A dwarf of regular form. Foliage upright and grows in thick, heavy layers appearing to be packed together, and of good bright green color. Low growing, a mature tree reaching a height of two feet and spread of three feet, and presents an aged appearance. Desirable wherever dwarfs are needed.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	6	45
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Thuja occidentalis pyramidalis (American Pyramidal Arborvitae)

A most desirable arborvitae of narrow columnar growth, dense and compact without trimming. Very hardy and a favorite in almost any planting. Planted in groups it produces a most impressive alpine effect. In situations where effective hedges are desired requiring but little space, Pyramidal Arborvitae has no counterpart. The hedge becomes a solid wall of green from four to twenty feet in height and occupies no more than two feet in width. For hedges, trees should be planted one and one-half feet apart. No pruning is needed other than topping. A Pyramidal Arborvitae hedge requires scarcely any care.

	Each	10	100	1000
Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	\$	\$	\$ 6	\$ 45
2- 4 inches once transplanted.....	6	45
4- 6 " " " ".....	7	53
6- 8 " " " ".....	8
24-30 inches three times transplanted.....B&B	.50	4.50	38
30-36 " " " " " ".....B&B	.60	5.50	45
3- 4 feet three times transplanted.....B&B	.75	6.75	56
4- 5 " " " " " ".....B&B	.95	8.50	71
5- 6 " " " " " ".....B&B	1.25	11.25	94
6- 7 " " " " " ".....B&B	1.50	15.50	113

Thuja occidentalis texana glauca (Blue Arborvitae)

A tree of rapid growth. Has a heavy, soft blue-green foliage of delicate, pleasing texture. Color the same all seasons of the year. Of general pyramidal form and very hardy. Lends itself well to shearing and is fine for hedges. Would add variety and color to landscaping effects. The beautiful, blue-green, feathery foliage of this tree, together with its graceful habit of growth should make it a universal favorite. Tree of medium height.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	6	45
4- 6 inches once transplanted.....	6
6- 8 " " " ".....	7
8-10 " " " ".....	8
8-10 inches twice transplanted.....	10
10-12 " " " ".....	12

Thuja occidentalis umbraculifera (Cushion Arborvitae)

Dwarf conifer seldom attaining a height of more than two feet, umbrella shaped, dense foliage, good green color. Hardy and rare.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	6	45
2- 4 inches once transplanted.....	6
4- 6 " " " ".....	7

Thuja occidentalis wareana (Ware Arborvitae)

Sometimes called Siberian Arborvitae, which name it bears well because of its ruggedness and adaptability to cold climes. A tree of close, compact and heavy foliage, which holds its deep green color throughout the year. Symmetrical and conical in habit of growth.

2- 4 inches once transplanted.....	6
4- 6 " " " ".....	7
6- 8 " " " ".....	8

Thuja occidentalis woodwardi (Woodward Arborvitae)

A most satisfactory dwarf, compact, globe arborvitae.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	6	45
4- 6 inches once transplanted.....	7

5 of same variety and size at 10 rate; 25 at 100 rate; 250 at 1000 rate. B&B signifies balled and burlapped.

Thuja orientalis aurea nana (Berckmans Golden Arborvitae)

Doubtless the most popular dwarf, golden arborvitae known. Almost globe shaped, very compact, foliage vertical and bright gold. Very formal in appearance.

	Each	10	100	1000
Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	\$	\$	\$ 6	\$ 45
2- 4 inches once transplanted.....	6
4- 6 " " " " " ".....	7

Thuja orientalis beverleyensis (Golden Column Arborvitae)

A stately, rapid growing, oriental arborvitae. Foliage good color all the year. A fine pyramidal specimen tree.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	6	45
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Thuja orientalis columnaris

Very similar to Beverleyensis or Golden Column Arborvitae, but has brighter golden, more compact foliage, and more even habit of growth. Medium height.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	6	45
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Thuja orientalis elegantissima (Yellow Column Arborvitae)

A broad pyramidal golden tree, formal in shape, reaching a height of eight to ten feet, hardy.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	6	45
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Thuja orientalis pendula (Filiformis) (Weeping Oriental Arborvitae)

Foliage light green the year round, of the whip-cord type, and is dense and even. A tree which has individuality. Hardy and of fairly rapid growth. A formal, rounded pyramid, erect. Good in severe climates. Entirely different from Thread Retinospora.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	10	75
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Thujopsis dolabrata (False Arborvitae)

Sometimes called Elk Horn because of the peculiar shape of the branchlets. It has a heavy light green foliage of mottled effect. It is pyramidal in form. Being different, it gives an added interest and beauty to garden plantings. Hardy.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	6	45
2- 4 inches once transplanted.....	6
4- 6 " " " " " ".....	7	53
6- 8 " " " " " ".....	8

Thymus citridorus argenteus (Silver Lemon Thyme)

Hardy evergreen ground cover, growing 10 to 12 inches high. Has very fragrant, silver variegated foliage, lilac flowers. Dainty and attractive.

6- 8 inch clumps.....	10
8-10 " " " " " ".....	12
10-12 " " " " " ".....	B&B	.25	2.25	19
12-15 " " " " " ".....	B&B	.35	3.25	26

Thymus nummularius

Fragrant, evergreen mat, rose flowers, mid summer.

6- 8 inch spread.....	8	60
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5 of same variety and size at 10 rate; 25 at 100 rate; 250 at 1000 rate. B&B signifies balled and burlapped.

Thyme is gaining in favor as a substitute for grass in lawns. For such use it has several distinct advantages as follows: It does not require mowing, just a clipping or rolling once or twice a year; it helps greatly in weed control where used, occupying the ground so completely that dandelions and other obnoxious weeds are mostly choked out; it forms a beautiful edge, creeping in around the shrubbery so that expensive and laborious edging is unnecessary; it has a delightful fragrance and attractive mats of bloom in crimson, purple and the like in season, adding beauty and variety to the surroundings; it is easier to maintain on steep slopes and terraces than grass; it requires much less watering than the ordinary lawn. In short it makes a solid carpet of pleasing growth which will last indefinitely, and with good variation according to the variety used. For lawn purposes plants should be set from 12 to 18 inches apart each way. In from one to two years the plantings will be a solid carpet. For this use we have made our prices extremely low. The following four varieties of serpyllum are best. All are hardy.

Thymus serpyllum album (White Thyme)

Evergreen carpet plant, white flowers.

	Each	10	100	1000
4- 6 inch spread.....	\$	\$	\$ 6	\$

Thymus serpyllum carneus (Pink Thyme)

Like preceding variety, but with lavender pink flowers.

6x6 inch spread.....	7
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Thymus serpyllum coccineus (Crimson Thyme)

Dense evergreen carpet, completely covered in spring with crimson flowers, making a solid mat of red. A marvelous plant.

4- 6 inch spread.....	5	38
6- 8 .."....."	6	45

Thymus serpyllum lanuginosus (Woolly Thyme)

Fragrant, gray-green mats, lavender pink flowers. Has a frosty, refreshing appearance. Growing over rocks it gives the appearance of flowing water.

6x6 inch spread.....	7	53
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Umbellularia californica (California Laurel). Also commonly known as Oregon Myrtle.

Hardy evergreen, compact, leaves broad, dark green, flowers white.

Foliage has strong, pungent, spicy fragrance. One of the beautiful native shrubs, found along the Pacific Coast.

	Each	10	100	1000
2- 4 inches, one year, not transplanted.....	5
4- 6 .."....."....."....."	6
6- 8 .."....."....."....."	8

Vaccinium ovatum (Evergreen Huckleberry)

First discovered by the Lewis and Clark expedition at the mouth of the Columbia river in 1805. One of the great beauties of the plant is the thick, waxy leaves, of blended shades of green in spring and summer, and changing to a mixture of deep crimson and bronze in fall and winter. It is a rounded plant, many branched and of unusual density. Strong, vigorous grower, and stands unlimited shearing. Can be sheared into a hedge from 1 to 5 feet tall. Does well in either sun or shade, but is at its best in sunny exposures. An evergreen shrub of surpassing merit and probably the finest of all hedge plants.

	Each	10	100	1000
1- 2 inches once transplanted.....	6	45
2- 4 .."....."....."	7	53
4- 6 .."....."....."	8	60

Veronica hecknori

A very unusual evergreen with russet green foliage in summer turning to a rich golden color in the winter season. The growth appears in the form of a multitude of symmetrical upright golden spikes, attaining a height of 12 to 15 inches. Makes a fascinating border or low edging plant, and could be used to advantage as a part of almost any low planting. It is a unique type. Hardy.

	Each	10	100	1000
Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	\$	\$	\$ 6	\$ 45
2- 4 inches once transplanted.....	6

Viburnum odoratissimum (Sweet Viburnum)

Has evergreen leaves, resembling English Laurel, which turn to bright, beautiful shades of red in the fall. Fragrant white flowers.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	6	45
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Viburnum rhytidophyllum (Leatherleaf Viburnum)

Native of China. The leaves are rough, evergreen, large and thick, and have a pleasing leathery appearance. Flowers yellowish white in enormous 8 inch clusters. It is, indeed a bold, handsome shrub, which gives an impression of stability and permanancy.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	6	45
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Viburnum tinus (Laurustinus)

Rapid growing, broad leaved evergreen, somewhat laurel-like in growth. Large clusters of pink and white flowers all winter.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	4	30
2- 4 inches once transplanted.....	5
4- 6 "....."	6

Viburnum tinus lucidum (Shining Laurustinus)

This, like most viburnums has good foliage. The leaves are evergreen, large and glossy. Strong grower. Large flower clusters in great profusion. Decidedly a superior variety.

Rooted cuttings, not transplanted.....	7	53
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Whitlowgrass—See Draba

Wintercreeper—See Euonymus

Xerophyllum tenax (Pine Lily, Bear Grass, Squaw Grass, or Indian Basket Grass)

A native of the Cascade and Rocky moutains. Grows into a graceful symmetrical bunch in weeping form and might be described as a low fountain in grass, about eighteen inches high and two to three feet across. Out of the center of this grassy bunch grow the tall stems three to five feet in height and from one to as many as twenty in number, crowned with the long creamy-white lily heads of matchless beauty. The leaves which are grass-like are evergreen, and unusual as it may seem, it is an evergreen belonging to the lily family. Mountain slopes and meadows, clad in fields of these lilies are a thrilling picture, which once seen will never be forgotten. The grass is said to have been used by the squaws in early days in weaving baskets. Perfectly hardy, rather slow growing but long-lived. Should be planted in groups, and in the open where it is partially shaded during the day for best results. Will not bloom well if too shaded. The fine bunches of long, silky grass are very ornamental when the lily is not in bloom. A plant with a future, and rare in American gardens.

1- 2 inches, 1 year, not transplanted.....	4	30
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Yew—See Taxus

Yucca filamentosa (Common Yucca)

2- 3 feet once transplanted.....	10	75
12-15 inches twice transplanted.....	.25	1.75	15
15-18 "....."	.25	2.25	19
18-24- "....."	.30	2.75	23

5 of same variety and size at 10 rate; 25 at 100 rate; 250 at 1000 rate. B&B signifies balled and burlapped.

